

Section 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MAPEFIX VE SF comp. A Trade code: 9019600

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Chemical anchor for metallic rebar

Uses advised against: Data not available.

Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 4.30pm)

F. +61 7 32765076

Responsable: sales@mapei.com.au

Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26 Police or Fire Brigade 000

Section 2: Hazard(s) identification



Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 May cause respiratory irritation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Hazard statements

H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H335May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Substances

no data available

Mixtures

Mixture identification: MAPEFIX VE SF comp. A

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥10 - <20 %	ethylene dimethacrylate	CAS:97-90-5 EC:202-617-2 Index:607-114-	STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119965172-38-XXXX
		00-5	Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 10\%$: STOT SE 3 H335	
≥5 - <10 %	hydroxypropyl methacrylate	CAS:27813-02-1 EC:248-666-3	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1B H317	, 01-2119490226-37-XXXX
≥0.1 - <0.25 %	1-isopropyl-2,2- dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	CAS:6846-50-0 e EC:229-934-9	Repr. 2, H361; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	01-2119451093-47-XXXX

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

Symptoms caused by exposure

no data available

Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: no data available

Oxidizing properties: no data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

N.A.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols. Provide adequate ventilation. Use appropriate respiratory protection.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

No data available

Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Appearance: paste Color: Beige Odour: Characteristic pH: no data available Melting point / freezing point: no data available Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) no data available Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limits: no data available Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: 1.71 g/cm3 Solubility in water: Insoluble Solubility in oil: no data available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available Kinematic viscosity: no data available VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 0 (A+B) (Rule 1168) g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: no data available Particle size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Specific surface area: no data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions Chemical stability no data available Possibility of hazardous reactions None. Conditions to avoid Stable under normal conditions. Incompatible materials None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

Section 11: Toxicological information Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category $3(H335)$
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Toxicological information on main com	ponents of the mixture:
ethylene dimethacrylate a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
	LD50 Skin Rat > 2000, mg/kg

hydroxypropyl methacrylate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 4000 mg/kg
methaciylate		

1-isopropyl-2,2dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

a) acute toxicity

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data	
ethylene dimethacrylate	CAS: 97-90-5 - EINECS: 202- 617-2 - INDEX: 607-114-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity :	LC50 Fish Danio rerio = 15,95 mg/L 96h ECHA
hydroxypropyl methacrylate	CAS: 27813-02- 1 - EINECS: 248-666-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity :	LC50 Fish = 493 mg/L 48
1-isopropyl-2,2- dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : IUCLID	NOEC Fish Pimephales promelas > 6 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity :	EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna > 1,46 mg/L 48h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna > 1,46 mg/L 48h IUCLID

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Component

Bioaccumulation

1-isopropyl-2,2- Not bioaccumulative dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Mobility in soil

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

no data available

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations. **UN number** no data available **UN proper shipping name** no data available Transport hazard class(es) no data available Packing group, if applicable no data available **Environmental hazards** no data available Special precautions for user ADG-Subsidiary hazards no data available ADG-S.P.: no data available Road and Rail (ADR-RID): no data available ADR-Hazard identification number: NA Air (IATA): no data available Sea (IMDG): no data available **Additional Information** no data available

HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

no data available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

Section 16: Any other relevant information

Code	Description	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbe	orn child.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting eff	ects.
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
	nazara class ana nazara category	Description
3.3/2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	Eye irritation, Category 2A
	5,	•
3.3/2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	Eye irritation, Category 2A
3.3/2A 3.4.2/1	Eye Irrit. 2A Skin Sens. 1	Eye irritation, Category 2A Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.3/2A 3.4.2/1 3.4.2/1B	Eye Irrit. 2A Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B	Eye irritation, Category 2A Skin Sensitisation, Category 1 Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended. This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures) BCF: Biological Concentration Factor BEI: Biological Exposure Index BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society). CAV: Poison Center **CE:** European Community CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging. CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand COV: Volatile Organic Compound CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment CSR: Chemical Safety Report DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. **DPD:** Dangerous Preparations Directive DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. ES: Exposure Scenario GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: KAFH KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class. Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION